

• Kontrakció és a normálrendezett szorzat (29)

i, j, k, \dots betöltött

a, b, c, \dots virtuális pályaik egy $|\Phi\rangle = |0\rangle$ det.-hoz képest

$|0\rangle \sim$ Fermi-vákuum

- normálrendezés 2 op.-ra $\overline{AB} = \langle 0 | \hat{A} \hat{B} | 0 \rangle$

$$\hat{A} \hat{B} = \{\hat{A} \hat{B}\} + \underbrace{\langle 0 | \hat{A} \hat{B} | 0 \rangle}_{0 \vee 1} = \underbrace{\{\hat{A} \hat{B}\}}_{\text{norm. rend. szorzat}} + \underbrace{\{\hat{A} \hat{B}\}}_{\text{kontrakció}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle 0 | \{\hat{A} \hat{B}\} | 0 \rangle = 0 = \langle 0 | \hat{A} \hat{B} | 0 \rangle - \langle 0 | \langle 0 | \hat{A} \hat{B} | 0 \rangle | 0 \rangle$$

$\hat{c}^+ \hat{j}^+ = 0, \hat{a}^+ \hat{b}^+ = 0, \hat{i}^- \hat{j}^- = 0, \hat{a}^- \hat{b}^- = 0; \hat{a}^+ \hat{i} = 0$ stb. ...

$\hat{i}^+ \hat{j}^- = \delta_{ij}$, mert $\langle 0 | \hat{i}^+ \hat{j}^- | 0 \rangle = \delta_{ij} \Rightarrow \{\hat{i}^+ \hat{j}^-\} = -\hat{j}^- \hat{i}^+$,

$\hat{j}^- \hat{i}^+ = 0 \Rightarrow \{\hat{j}^- \hat{i}^+\} = \hat{j}^- \hat{i}^+$ mert $\hat{i}^+ \hat{j}^- = -\hat{j}^- \hat{i}^+ + \delta_{ij}$

$\hat{a}^+ \hat{b}^- = 0 \Rightarrow \{\hat{a}^+ \hat{b}^-\} = \hat{a}^+ \hat{b}^-$

$\hat{b}^- \hat{a}^+ = \delta_{ab} \Rightarrow \{\hat{b}^- \hat{a}^+\} = -\hat{a}^+ \hat{b}^-$

- normálrendezés több op. szorzataira

az $\{\hat{A} \hat{B} \dots \hat{D}\}$ normálrendezett szorzatban az összes $\hat{i}^+, \hat{j}^+, \dots, \hat{a}^-, \hat{b}^-, \dots$ op.-t az előjel követésével jobbra mozgattunk

$\Rightarrow \langle 0 | \{\hat{A} \hat{B} \dots \hat{D}\} | 0 \rangle = 0$

- példa: $\{\hat{i}^- \hat{j}^+ \hat{a}^+ \hat{b}^- \hat{c}^+ \hat{e}^-\} = \{\hat{i}^- \hat{e}^- \hat{j}^+ \hat{a}^+ \hat{b}^- \hat{c}^+\} =$

$-\{\hat{i}^- \hat{e}^- \hat{a}^+ \hat{j}^+ \hat{b}^- \hat{c}^+\} = -\{\hat{i}^- \hat{e}^- \hat{a}^+ \hat{c}^+ \hat{j}^+ \hat{b}^-\} = -\hat{i}^- \hat{e}^- \hat{a}^+ \hat{c}^+ \hat{j}^+ \hat{b}^- =$

$\langle 0 | \hat{i}^- = 0 \quad \hat{b}^- | 0 \rangle = 0 \quad \hat{e}^- \hat{a}^+ \hat{c}^+ \hat{j}^+ \hat{b}^-$

$\langle 0 | \hat{a}^+ = 0 \quad \hat{j}^+ | 0 \rangle = 0$

⋮

- jelölés

$\{\hat{A} \hat{B} \hat{C} \hat{D} \hat{E} \dots \hat{Z}\} = (-1)^2 \{\hat{A} \hat{C} \hat{B} \hat{Z} \hat{D} \hat{E} \dots\} = (-1)^2 \langle 0 | \hat{A} \hat{C} | 0 \rangle \langle 0 | \hat{B} \hat{Z} | 0 \rangle \{\hat{D} \hat{E} \dots\}$

fontos a sorrend: kontrakciók, majd normálrendezés!

(egy norm. rendezett szorzatban lehet kontrakciók!) $[\hat{L}, \{\hat{L}, \dots\}] \neq 0$

• Wick - te'el

$$\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots = \{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\} + \sum_{\substack{1x-es \\ kont}} \overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\}} + \sum_{\substack{2x-es \\ kont}} \overline{\overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\}}} + \dots$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{3x-es \\ kontr}} \overline{\overline{\overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\}}}} + \dots + \sum_{\substack{\text{teljesen} \\ \text{kontrahekt}}} \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\}}}}} + \dots$$

normalrendűtől
0p-

Példa: $i^+ j^+ \bar{k} \bar{e} = -i^+ \bar{k} j^+ \bar{e} + i^+ \bar{e} \delta_{jk} = \bar{k} i^+ j^+ \bar{e} - \delta_{ik} j^+ \bar{e} + i^+ \bar{e} \delta_{jk} = -\bar{k} i^+ \bar{e} j^+ + \delta_{je} \bar{k} i^+ - \delta_{ie} j^+ \bar{e} + i^+ \bar{e} \delta_{jk}$

$$= \bar{k} \bar{e} i^+ j^+ - \delta_{ie} \bar{k} j^+ + \delta_{je} \bar{k} i^+ - \delta_{ie} j^+ \bar{e} + i^+ \bar{e} \delta_{jk}$$

$$= \bar{k} \bar{e} i^+ j^+ - \delta_{ie} \bar{k} j^+ + \delta_{je} \bar{k} i^+ + \delta_{ie} \bar{e} j^+ - \delta_{ie} \delta_{je} - \bar{e} i^+ \delta_{jk} + \delta_{je} \delta_{ie}$$

$$= \{\bar{k} \bar{e} i^+ j^+\} + \{\bar{k} \bar{e} j^+\} + \{\bar{k} i^+\} + \{\bar{e} j^+\} - \delta_{ie} \delta_{je} - \bar{e} i^+ \delta_{jk} + \delta_{je} \delta_{ie}$$

$$= \{\bar{k} \bar{e} i^+ j^+\} + \{\bar{k} \bar{e} j^+\} + \{\bar{k} i^+\} + \{\bar{e} j^+\} + \{\bar{k} i^+ \bar{e} j^+\} + \{\bar{k} i^+ \bar{e} \bar{e}\} + \{\bar{k} i^+ \bar{e} \bar{e}\}$$

$\sim \langle \Phi_0 | \{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\} | \Phi_0 \rangle = 0 \Rightarrow \langle \Phi_0 | \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\}}}}} | \Phi_0 \rangle = \langle \Phi_0 | \sum_{\substack{\text{teljesen} \\ \text{kontr.}}} \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\dots\}}}}} | \Phi_0 \rangle$

\sim általánosított Wick - te'el

$\{ \hat{A} \hat{B} \hat{C} \} \{ \hat{D} \hat{E} \} \{ \hat{F} \hat{G} \} \dots =$

Shawitt-Bartlett
Sealag P.
előadása

$$\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{D}\hat{E}\hat{F}\hat{G}\dots\} + \sum_{1x-es} \overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\} \{\hat{D}\hat{E}\} \{\hat{F}\hat{G}\}} + \dots$$

$$+ \sum_{2x-es} \overline{\overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\} \{\hat{D}\hat{E}\} \{\hat{F}\hat{G}\}}} + \dots + \sum_{\substack{\text{teljesen} \\ \text{kontrahekt}}} \overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{\{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\} \{\hat{D}\hat{E}\} \{\hat{F}\hat{G}\} \dots\}}}}} + \dots$$

$$= \langle \Phi_0 | \{\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C}\} \{\hat{D}\hat{E}\} \{\hat{F}\hat{G}\} \dots | \Phi_0 \rangle$$

• A normaliziertheit Hamilton op.

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$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_N + \langle 0 | \hat{H} | 0 \rangle$$

$$\hat{H}_D = \sum_{p,q} \overline{f_{pq}} \{p^+ q^-\} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \overline{\langle pq || sr \rangle} \{p^+ q^+ r^- s^-\}$$

↑
Fock-matrix

Egards:

Wick-tétel

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{pq} \overline{h_{pq}} p^+ q^- + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \overline{\langle pq || sr \rangle} p^+ q^+ r^- s^- \stackrel{\downarrow}{=}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{pq} \overline{h_{pq}} \{p^+ q^-\} + \sum_{pq} \overline{h_{pq}} \{p^+ q^-\} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \overline{\langle pq || sr \rangle} [\{p^+ q^+ r^- s^-\}] \\ & + \{p^+ q^+ r^- s^-\} \\ & + \{p^+ q^+ r^- s^-\} + \{p^+ q^+ r^- s^-\} \end{aligned} =$$

$$\sum_{pq} \overline{h_{pq}} \{p^+ q^-\} + \sum_{i \in \text{occ.}} \overline{h_{ii}} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \overline{\langle pq || sr \rangle} \{p^+ q^+ r^- s^-\} +$$

$$\sum_{\substack{pq \\ i \in \text{occ.}}} \overline{\langle pi || qi \rangle} \{p^+ q^-\} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij \in \text{occ.}} \overline{\langle ij || ij \rangle} ,$$

miel $f_{pq} = h_{pq} + \sum_{i \in \text{occ.}} \overline{\langle pi || qi \rangle}$ és

$$\langle 0 | \hat{H} | 0 \rangle = \sum_{i \in \text{occ.}} \overline{h_{ii}} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij \in \text{occ.}} \overline{\langle ij || ij \rangle}$$

$$\hat{H} = \underbrace{\sum_{pq} \overline{f_{pq}} \{p^+ q^-\} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \overline{\langle pq || sr \rangle} \{p^+ q^+ r^- s^-\}}_{\hat{H}_N} + \langle 0 | \hat{H} | 0 \rangle$$